Antennas for automotive applications

M. Martinez, A. Winkelmann, R. Baggen

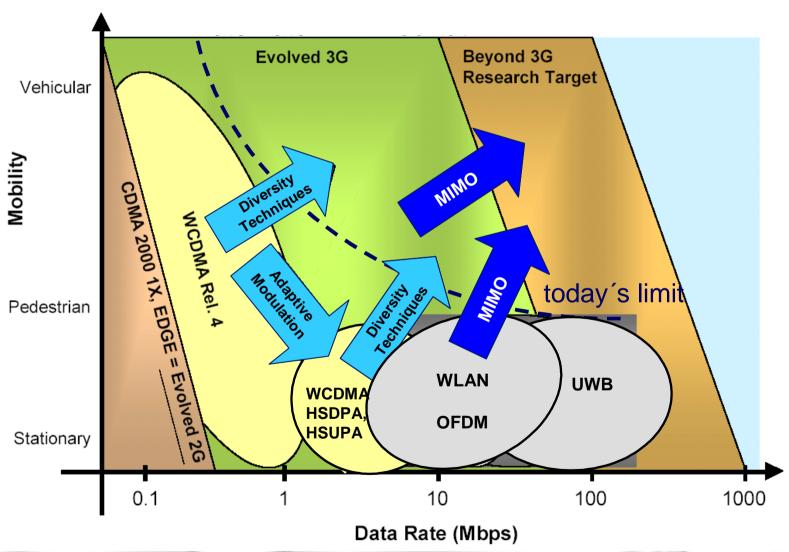


Overview

- → Today & Future services
- → New developments
- → Requirement profile
- → Car integration
- → Today's solutions
- → Future trends
- → Conclusions



Data rates only increase ...



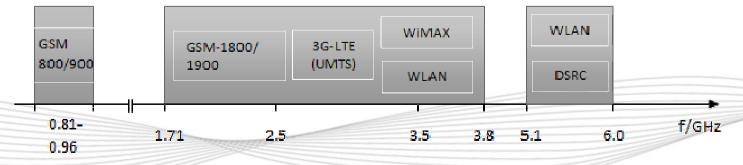
Services of Today

- GSM/UMTS services
- WLAN (3.5 GHz)
- Satellite radio
- DVB-S (Ku-band)
- Navigation









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Services of Tomorrow

WiMax/LTE (3.4-3.6 GHz/ Band1 or 7):

- High data rates, hence:
 - Large absolute bandwidth
 - MiMo capability

- MiMo capable antenna concepts
 - Diversity capability required



DSRC/ITS (5.8 GHz): (Dedicated Short Range Communication, C2I) (Intelligent Transport System, C2C)

- Originates from the RFID-area
- Medium data rates



Pseudo omni-directional radiators

UWB (3-10 GHz), **60 GHz**:

- High-to-extremely high data rates with multimedia content
- Dedicated for in-car communication



- Pseudo omni-directional radiators
 - Directive radiators

Upcoming Satellite services

Astra (Ku-band):

 Possible bi-directional links in future, extension services into the Ka-band



- Steerable antenna frontends
- Tracking capability
 - Line-of-Sight

INMARSAT/Thuraya (L-band):

Bi-directional links



- Steerable antenna frontends
- Tracking capability
 - Line-of-Sight

SDARS/Ondas/World Space Radio:

Satellite radio



- Pseudo omnidirectional radiators
- partially diversity capability



"New" developments

High data rates



MiMo/Diversity



- Distributed antennas
- Global coverage replacing pseudo omnidirectional coverage of a single antenna
- Digitalisation/One chip solutions



- ❖ New antenna positions possible through new more cost-effective connections within the car infrastructure
- ❖ Digital signal processing → Digital Beam Forming (DBF)
- Standarised technologies



Compact cost-effective steerable antenna frontends for satellite reception

Requirement profile

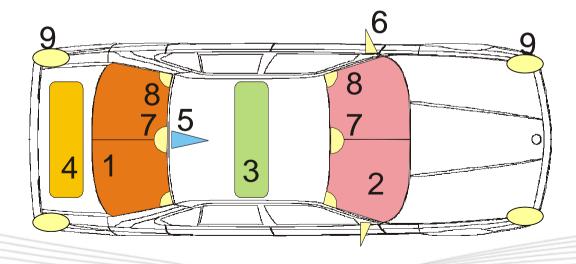
- → Multi-band capability
- → Compact design
- → Fits into the overall picture of the car body
- → Good spatial coverage
- → High flexibility with a minimum number of antenna modules
- → Diversity- and MIMO-capability
- → Extremely cost effective
- → Low in-Car SAR exposure





Integration into car

→ Only little space available despite the size of the car!



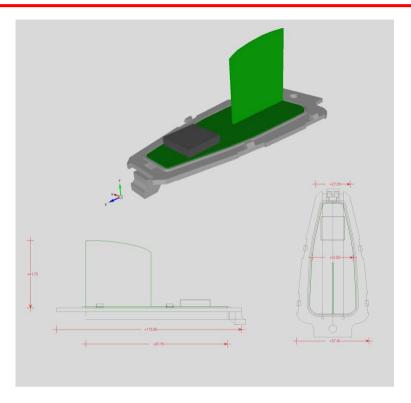
- FM-radio & terrestrial television
- 2. FM-radio & terrestrial television
- Multiband modules
 & satellite terminals
- 4. Satellite terminals
- 5. Shark fin multiband antenna module
- 6. Multiband modules for diversity/MIMO
- 7. Supporting antennas for diversity/MIMO
- 8. Supporting antennas for diversity/MIMO
- Supporting antennas for diversity/MIMO



Today's solutions

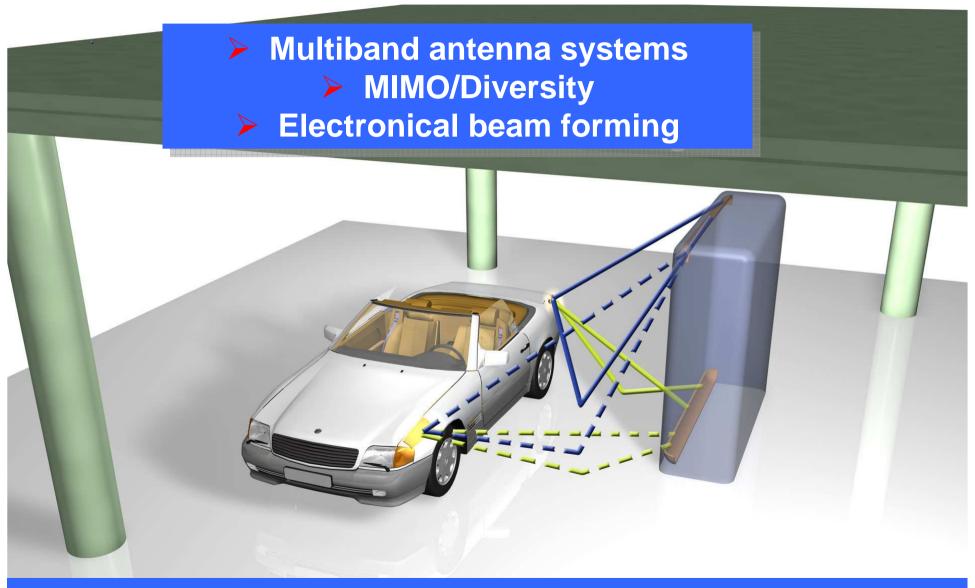


- GPS-Patch antenna
- ❖ GSM 800/900/1800/1900
- Optional DAB antenna
- GSM- and DAB-antenna are mostly located on the vertical PCB





Future trends



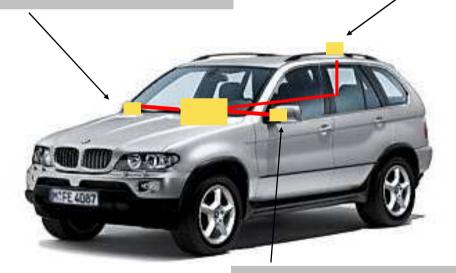
- Trend goes towards reconfigurable antenna systems -

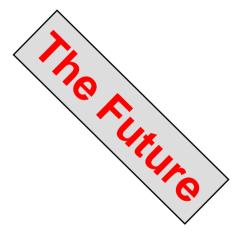
Reconfigurable antenna systems

Complete system is composed of connected multi-band antenna modules that are spatialy distributed through the car's infrastructure



Module 2: external back mirror

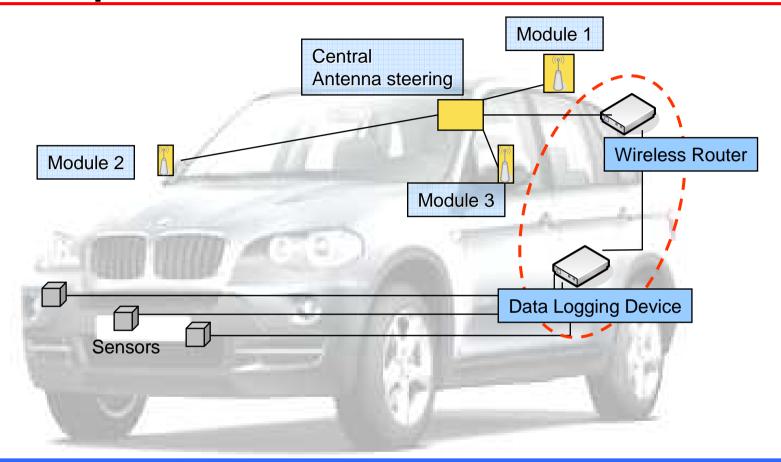




Module 3: external back mirror



Concept: Connected Car

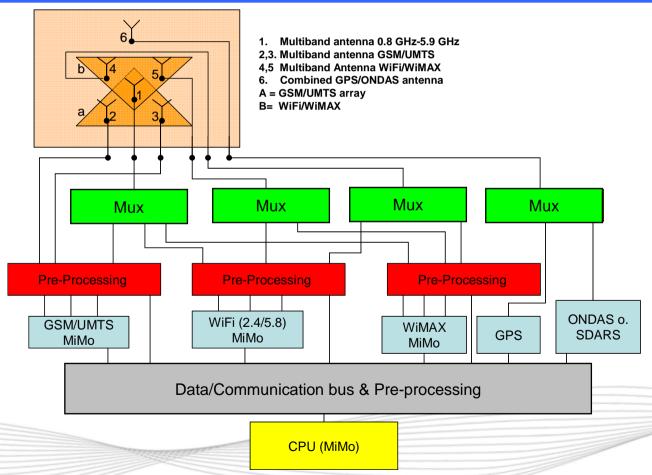


Requirements for combination of antenna modules 1,2 & 3

- It should be possible to separate the frequency ranges of all services
- The isolation between the different services should be adequate
- It should be possible to realise the desired antenna characteristic for a single service

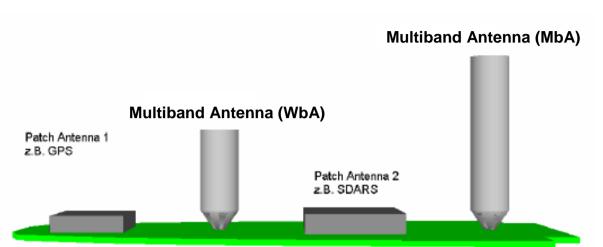
Example: interconnected multi-band modules

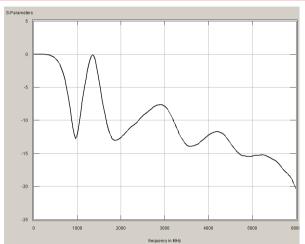
- 700 MHz (UMTS 700 for USA) till 2600 MHz (UMTS Japan)
- WiFi- und WiMax- 2400, 3600 and 5800 MHz
- GPS
- Satellite radio (ONDARS, etc..)





Multiband module shark fin (add-on)





Solution A (WiMax-MIMO)

WbA: 2.4 GHz - 6 GHz

MbA: 0.8 GHz - 6 GHz

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	Frequencies/GHz
Services	
GSM	0.824 - 1.99
UMTS	1.71 - 2.36
WiFi (802.11b/g)	2.4 - 2.485
WiFi (802.11a)	5.18 - 5.835
WiMax	2.495 - 5.825
DSRC	5.850 - 5.925

∏ MbA WbA

Solution B (LTE-MIMO)

WbA: 1.7 GHz - 6 GHz

MbA: 0.8 GHz - 6 GHz

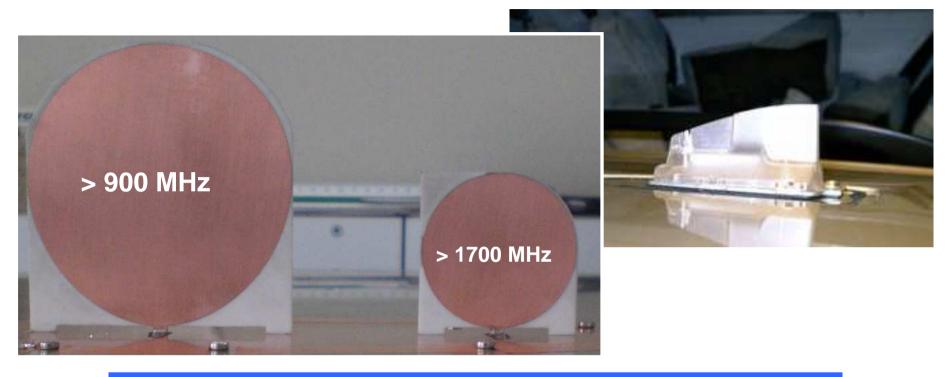


Frequencies/GHz
0.824 - 1.99
1.71 - 2.36
2.4 - 2.485
2.495 - 5.825
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5.850 - 5.925

MbA WbA



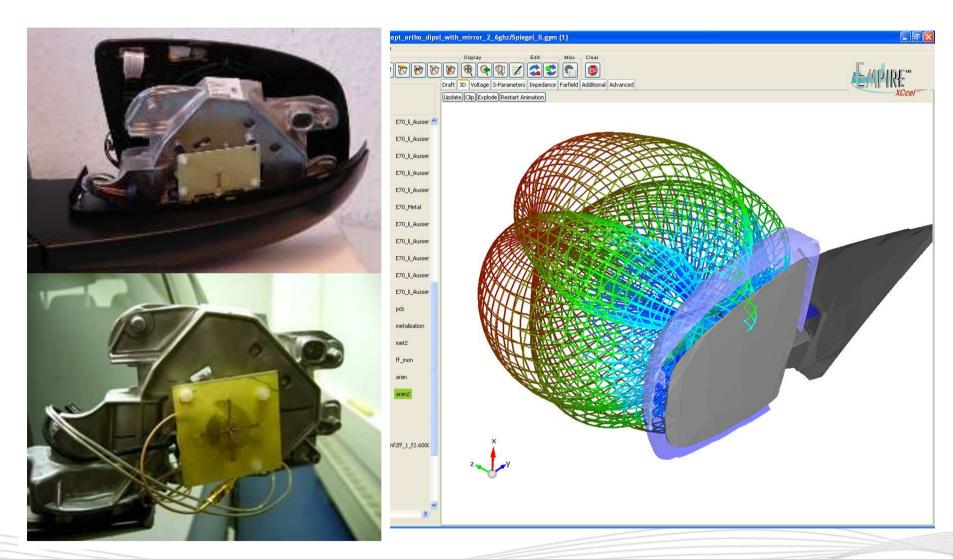
Shark fin prototype



- → Material: Rogers 4003, d=813 μm, top/bottom copper layer d_{cu}=17 μm
- → **Dimensions**: 33x34x0.8 mm³, small patch; 55x60x0.8 mm³, large patch
- → Good impedance matching: -10 dB @ f = 1.7GHz-5.8GHz for the small patch; -10 dB @ f = 1.1GHz-6GHz) for the large patch
- → High reproducibility
- → Easy integration into the shark fin casing



Integrated antenna in rear external mirror





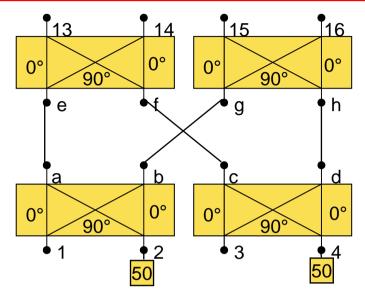
Example interconnecting network

Problem

• WiMax Board has 2 antenna ports available, 4 antennas have however to be connected.

Solution

- Butlermatrix:
 - effective distribution of all signals
 - by using the phase differences in the Butler matrix, various antenna patterns can be generated



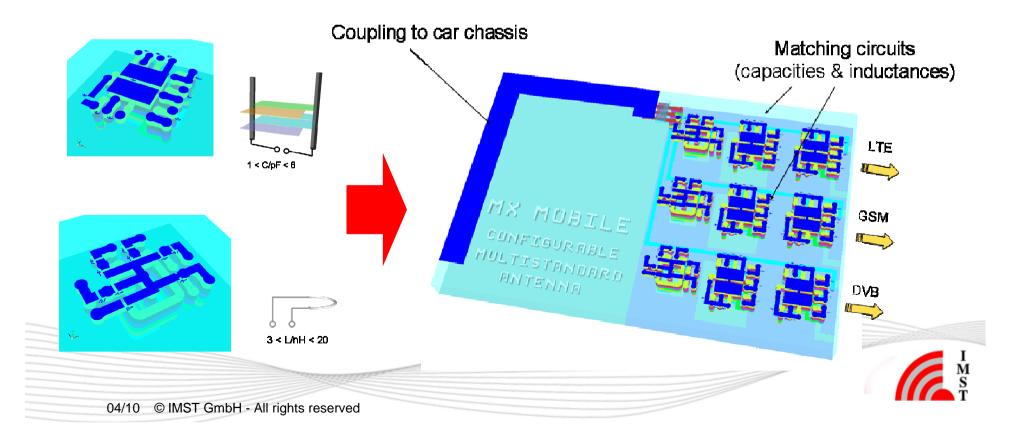


New tuning concepts

The car becomes more & more a mobile phone on wheels



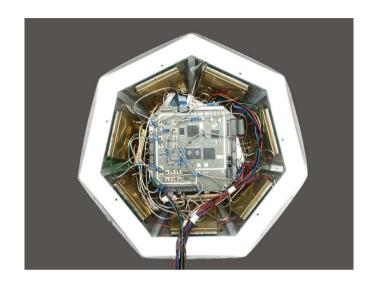
Mobile phone technologies & concepts <u>transfered</u> to automotive antennas



Innovative satellite terminals in L-band

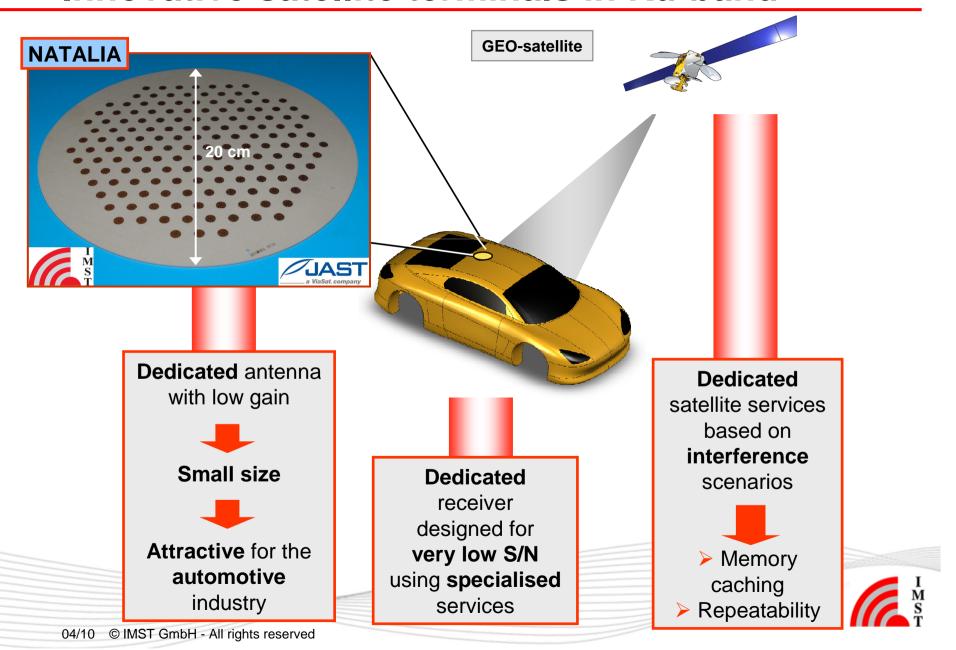
Requirements

- Transmit: EIRP=40dBm±2dB
- Receive: G/T=-17 dB/K
- Circular polarisation
- Low profile and low cost
- Full hemispherical coverage elevation ≥15°





Innovative satellite terminals in Ku-band



Conclusions

- Services & Requirements for automotive applications have been presented
- ✓ Nowadays solutions possess all <u>multiband</u> capability
- ✓ In near future MIMO/diversity & beam forming will become more & more important due to bandwidth hungry multimedia applications
- ✓ Solutions for this will not be found in designing only <u>one</u> multiband antenna but in creating a <u>complete</u> systems of connected antenna modules governed by a central processing module
- ✓ Technologies & Concepts used in the past for <u>mobile phone</u> applications can be <u>transferred</u> to the automotive platform

